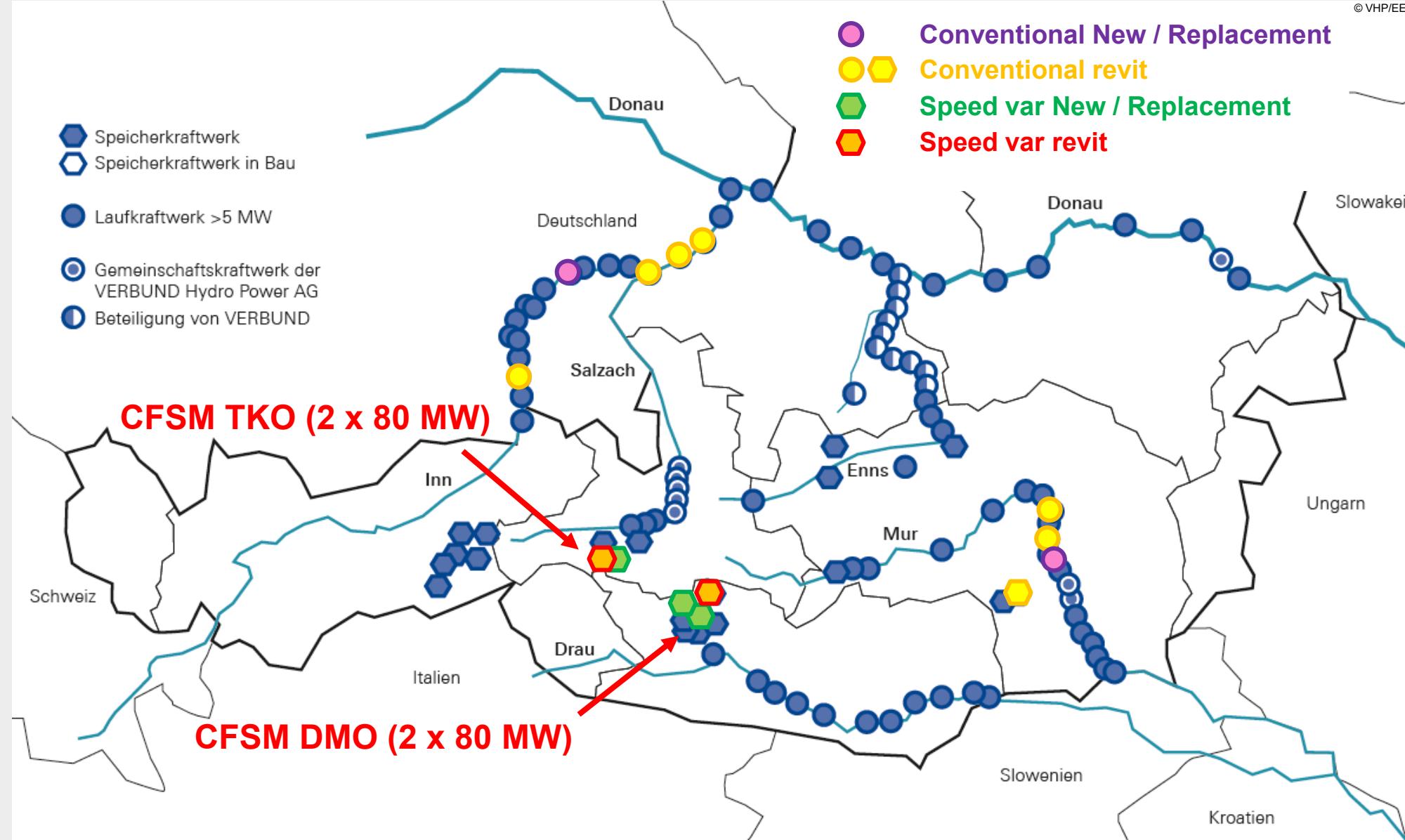


Verbund Hydro Power

Stefan Polster – stefan.polster@verbund.com
26.06.2023



Verbund power plants and recent projects



Commissioned Projects DMO and TKO

Polster
26.06.2023



Overhaul Project Malta Oberstufe I

**Original Pumped
Storage Design**

**In operation since
1977**

New Design

**After Overhaul 2022
«Efficiency Increase»**

2x 60MW synchronous machines

- Pole-changing motor-generator
- (375 - 500 rpm)

Isogyr hydraulic system

- Separated pump and turbine

2x 80MW Converter Fed Synchronous Machine

- Variable speed operation (240...575 rpm)
- Modular Multilevel Converter

New Motor-Generator

New machine transformer

New reversible pump-turbine

- Reuse of existing structures

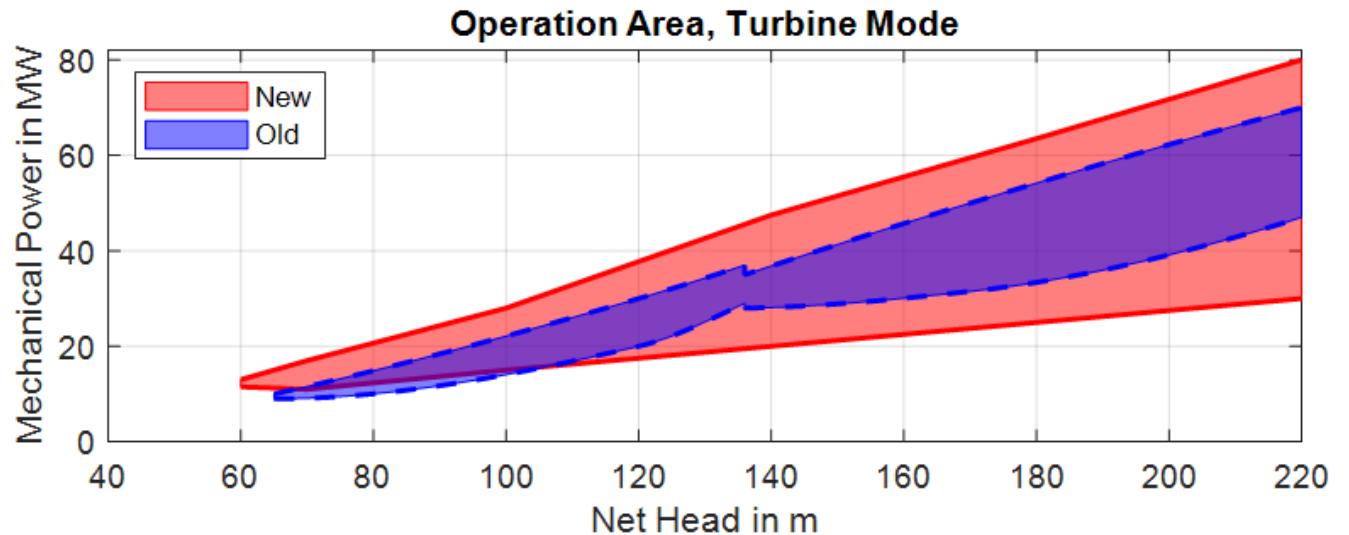


Malta Oberstufe Overhaul Project Variable Speed Operation with MMC Full Converter
Vienna Hydro 2022

Overhaul Project Malta Oberstufe IV

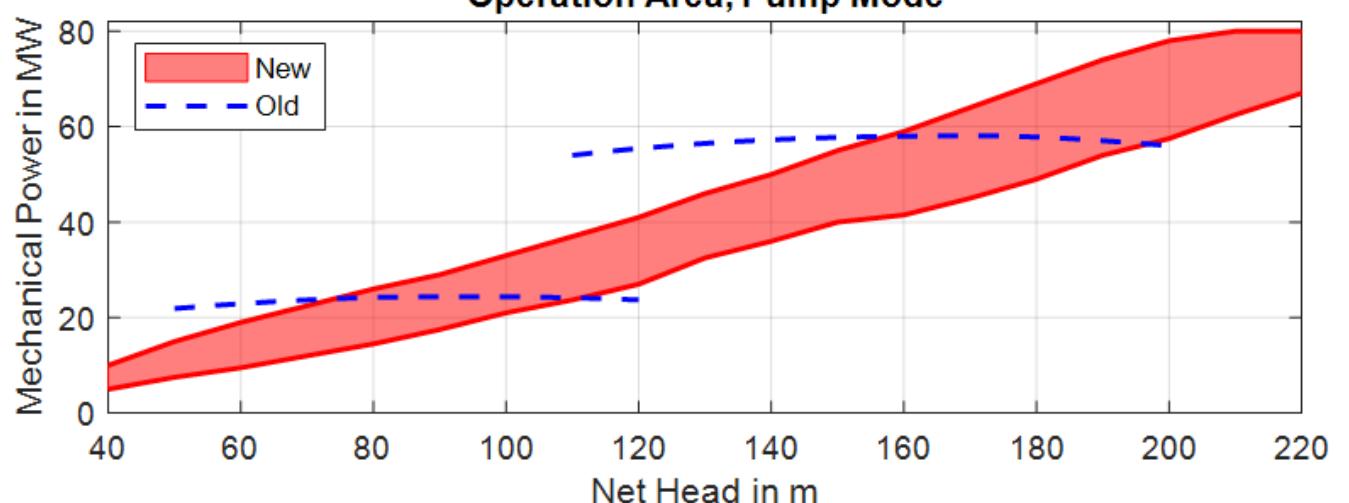
Turbine Mode

- Extended net head
- Wider power range window
- Efficiency improvement around 9% averaged in the operation area



Pump Mode

- Active power control
- Extended head range 40 to 220 m
- Optimized operation for each head
- Efficiency improvement between 15 to 22 %



Malta Oberstufe Overhaul Project Variable Speed Operation With MMC Full Converter
Vienna Hydro 2022

Overhaul Project Kaprun Oberstufe I

**Original Pumped
Storage Design**

**In operation since
1956**

New Design

**After Overhaul
2020 - 2022
«Efficiency Increase»**

2x 65 MW synchronous machine

- 500 rpm
- Head range (288 m – 446 m)
- 56 MW Francis turbines
- 65 MW radial pump

2x 80MW Converter Fed Synchronous Machine

- Variable speed operation (400...730 rpm)
- Voltage Source Inverter

New Motor-Generator

New machine transformer

New reversible pump-turbine

- Reuse of existing structures



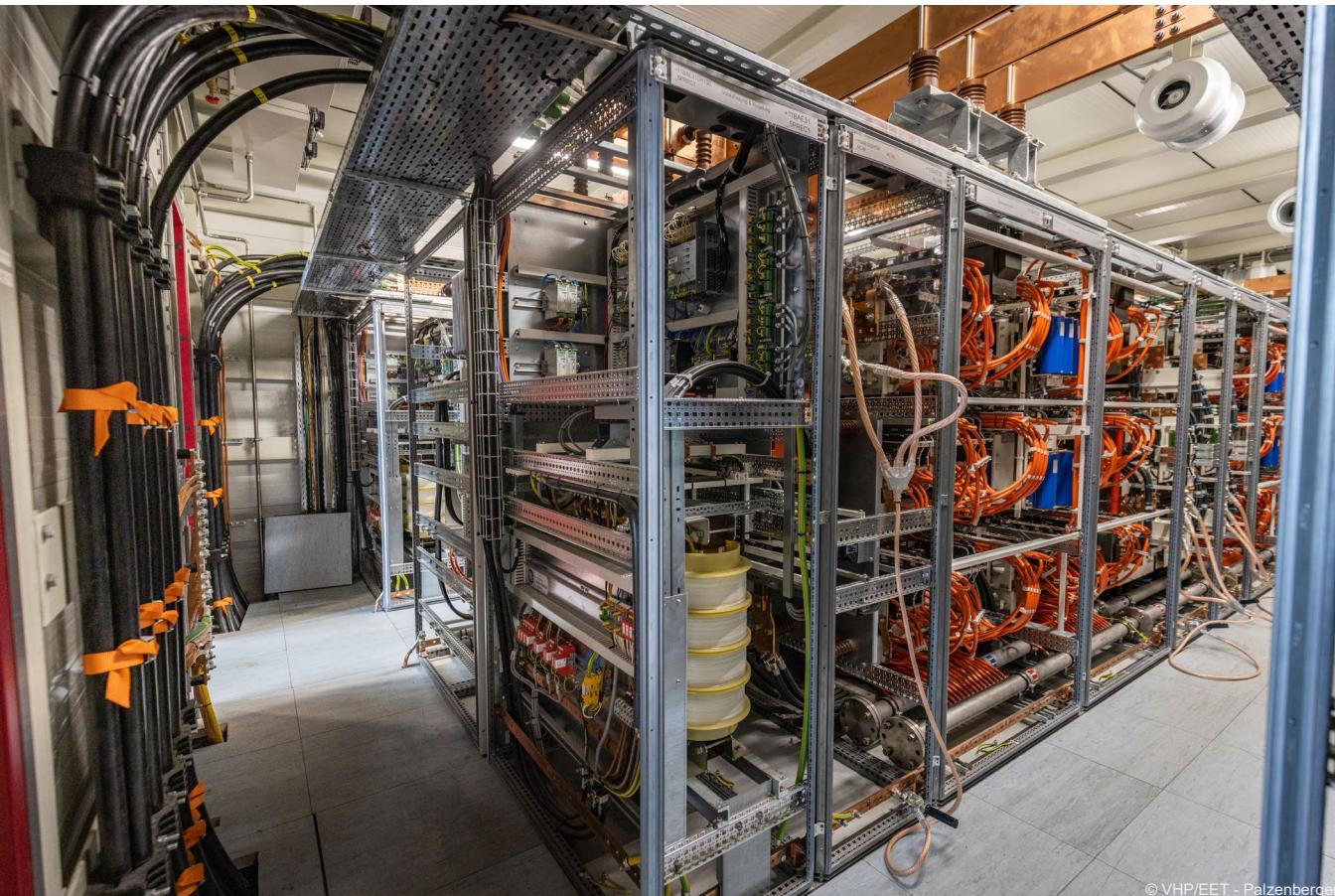
Overhaul Project Kaprun Oberstufe III



Overhaul Project Kaprun Oberstufe IV



Overhaul Project Kaprun Oberstufe V



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© VHP/EET - Palzenberger

Technical aspects and operation experience

Polster
26.06.2023



Converter Technologies

Voltage Source Converter

TKO – 3-level converter

Output voltage 3 conditions

- Aggressive voltage form
- Current ripple

Frequency range

- 0 to 51 Hz (higher with output filter)

Multi-winding transformer necessary

Redundancy on converter level

- Failed output switch takes out converter

Direct Converter

DMO - MMC

Output voltage smoother

- Depends on number of serial cells

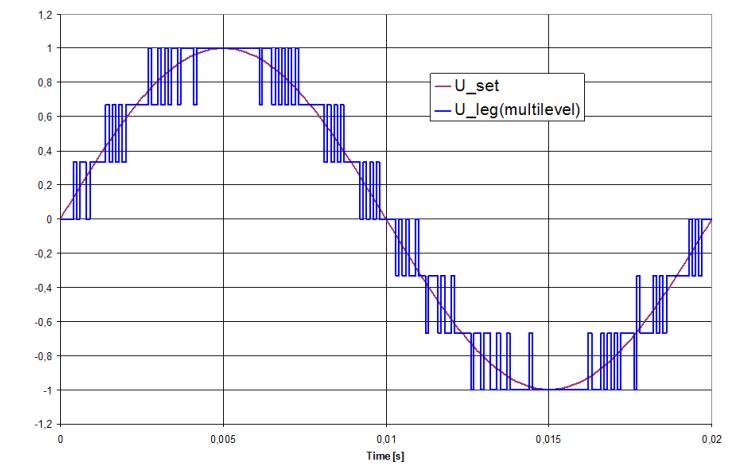
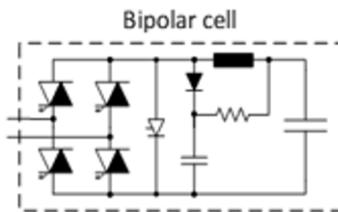
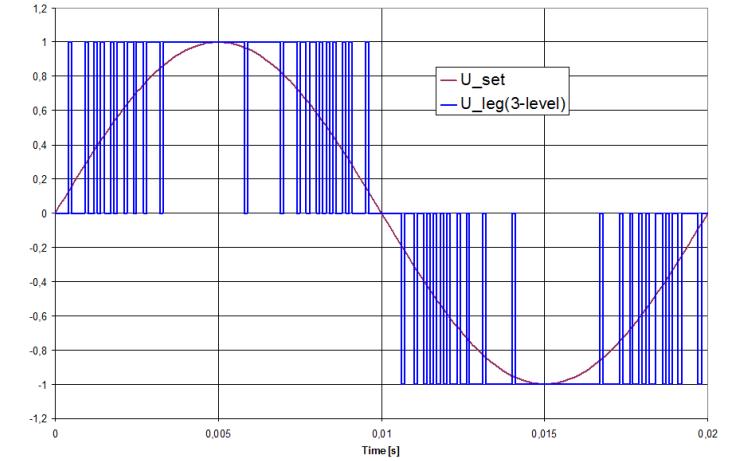
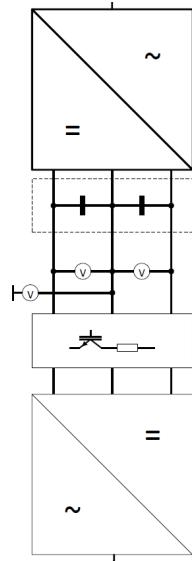
Frequency range

- 0 to ~42 Hz

Possible with two-winding transformer

Redundancy on cell level

- Continued operation with failed cell



Design Considerations – Power Train

Electrical

Stator voltage form (THD factor, high du/dt)

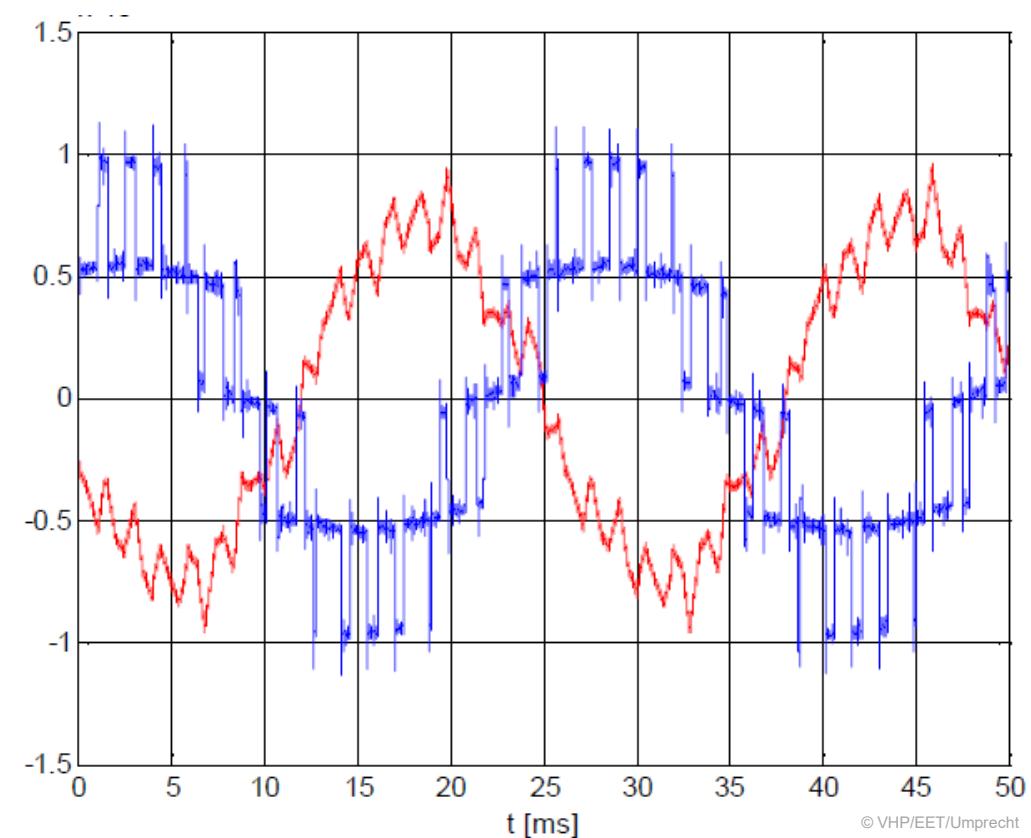
- Higher insulation stress and particle discharge level
- Capacitive coupling
 - Heating of potential grading
 - Shaft voltage

Stator current form (THD factor, ripple)

- Additional losses and changed loss distribution
- Pulsing moments

Design for speed area

- Eigenfrequencies + Resonances
 - Torsional oscillations
 - Noise emission
 - Vibrations



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Operation flexibility

Technology benefit CFSM

Increased area of operation

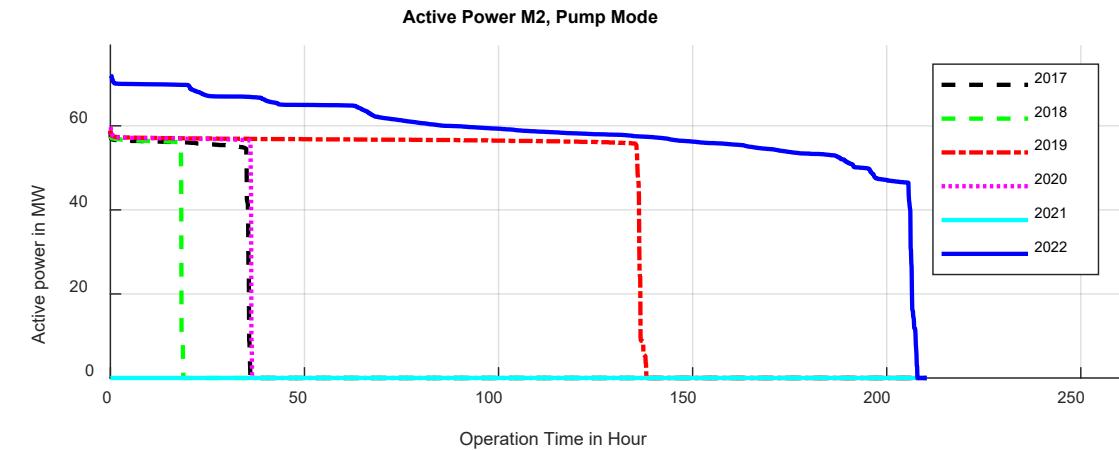
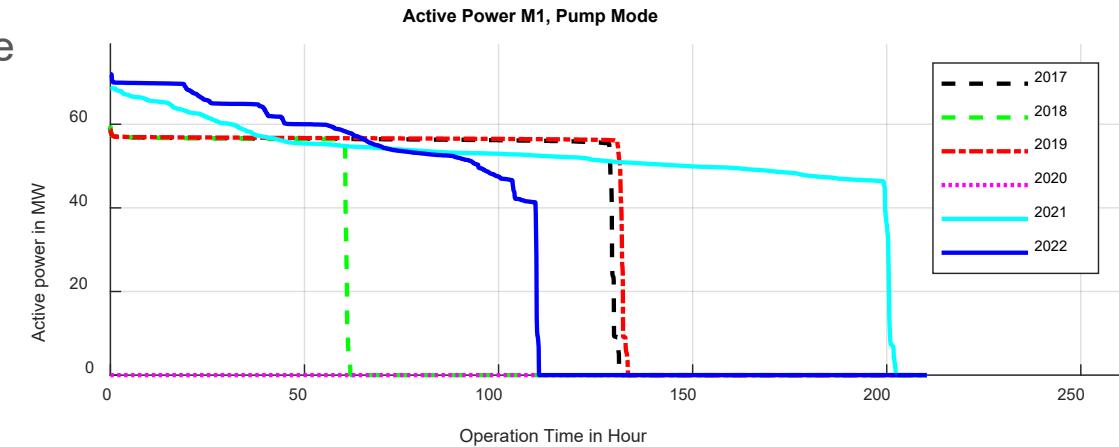
Active power control operation in pump mode

- Provision of grid frequency support
- Participation to primary control possible
- Higher flexibility for unit commitment

Impact on pump operation

Utilization of variable power

- Increased operational hours
- Extended operation time per start



Malta Oberstufe Overhaul Project Variable Speed Operation With MMC Full Converter
Vienna Hydro 2022

Harmonic Performance

Grid requirements

- Distortion level set by grid operator
 - Half of the IEC 61000-3-6 planning level

Relevant at PCC

- Harmonic studies during project phase
- Measurements during commissioning

Measurement results

Envelope of several operational points

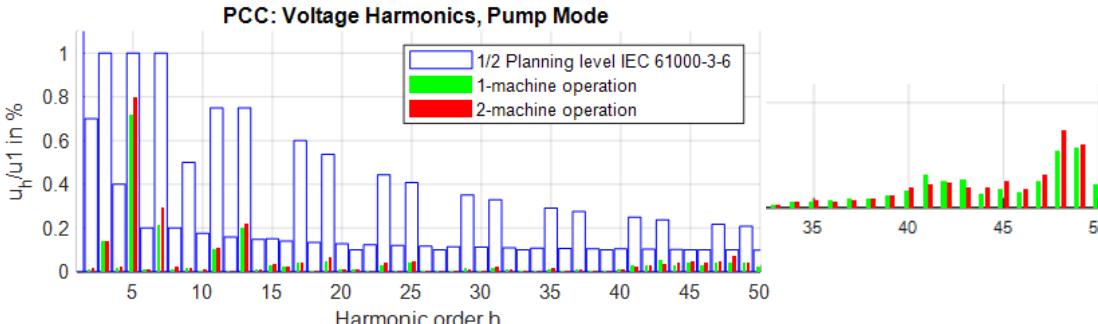
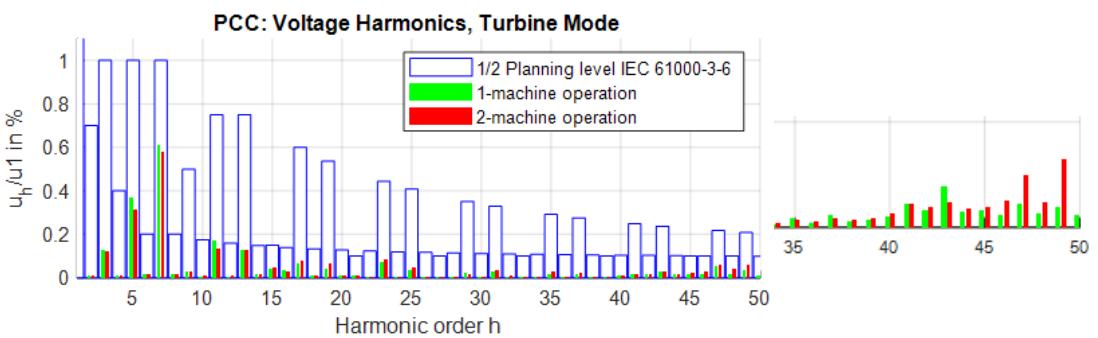
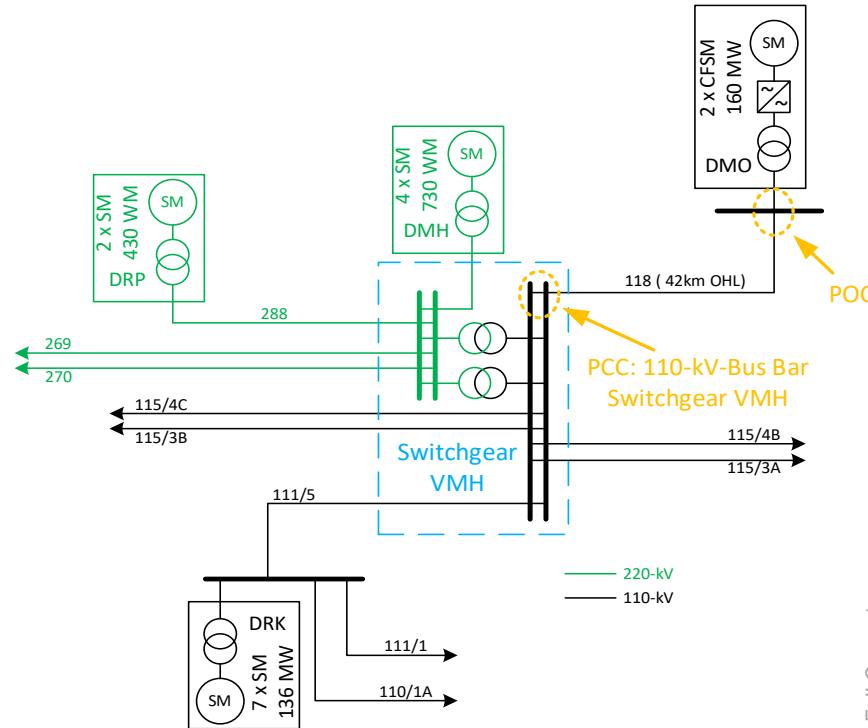
- Worst Case considerations
- No violations

Little dependency on operational point

Low order harmonics (< 20th) mainly from other sources

System resonance around 43th

- Measurement confirms studies



Malfunction of winding fault protection

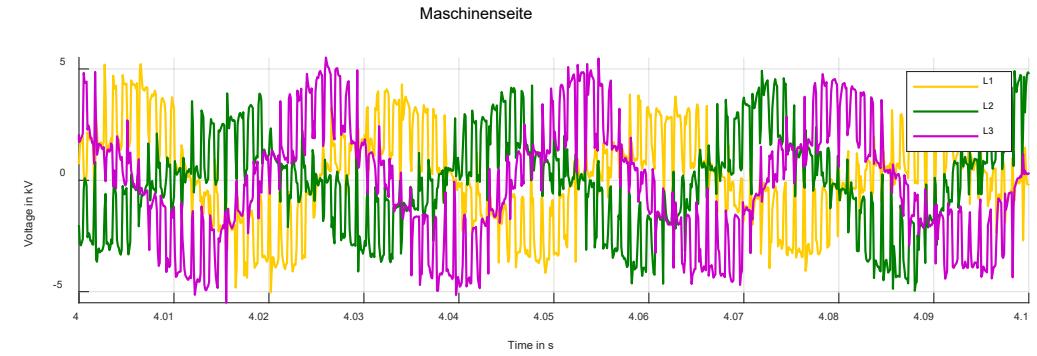
Problem

Winding fault protection false tripping

- Stator winding
- Transformer secondary windings

Evaluation of residual voltage at open D

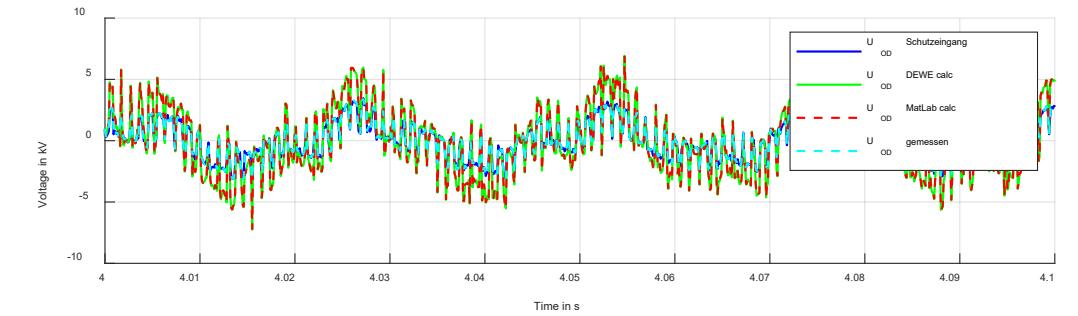
- Voltage exceeds trigger level without fault
- Only in low power operation



Identified Cause

Caused by floating machine side

- Floating DC-Links oscillates close to fundamental
- Voltage transducer measure against grounding
- Oscillation occurs in measured residual voltage



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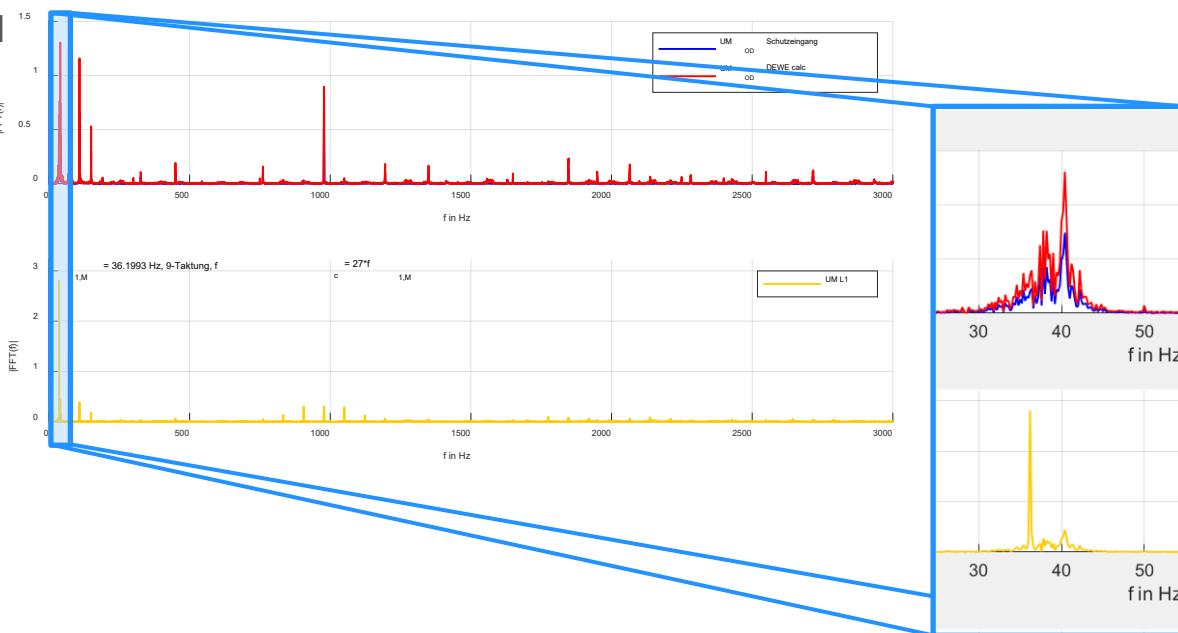
Remedy Action And Lessons Learned

Restriction of low speed operation

- Low power and low head
- Little operational influence

Active winding protection for future projects

- 20 Hz-method



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High-frequency Shaft Voltage and bearing currents

Problem

Shaft voltages up to 700 V (peak – peak)

Risk of discharges at insulated bearing

- Bearing insulation
- Oil film

Discharges at sensors

Identified Cause

Common mode voltage Converter

- Caused by discrete output voltage
- Depends on pulsing pattern
- Capacitive coupling

Remedy Action And Lessons Learned

Short circuit path shaft to insulated bearing

- Protection of bearing surface

Additional high frequency grounding

- Reduction of shaft voltage
- RC configuration
- High impedance for low frequencies necessary

Low impedance grounding between generator and converter

