Impact of Cellulose Degradation on Space Charge Dynamics and Conductivity of Synthetic Ester Liquid-Impregnated Kraft Paper Insulation

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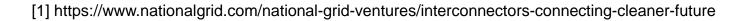
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Background

- HVDC links play a crucial role in achieving the UK ambitious Net-Zero target by reducing carbon emissions associated with electrical power generation.
 - They can transmit bulk power over long distances with lower loses and costs compared to the AC systems.
 - ✓ They facilitate the integration of remote renewable energy sources located in the UK.
 - ✓ 'By 2030, 90% of the energy imported by UK interconnectors will be from zero carbon energy sources' according to national grid^[1].

Converter transformers are key and expensive components of HVDC systems.

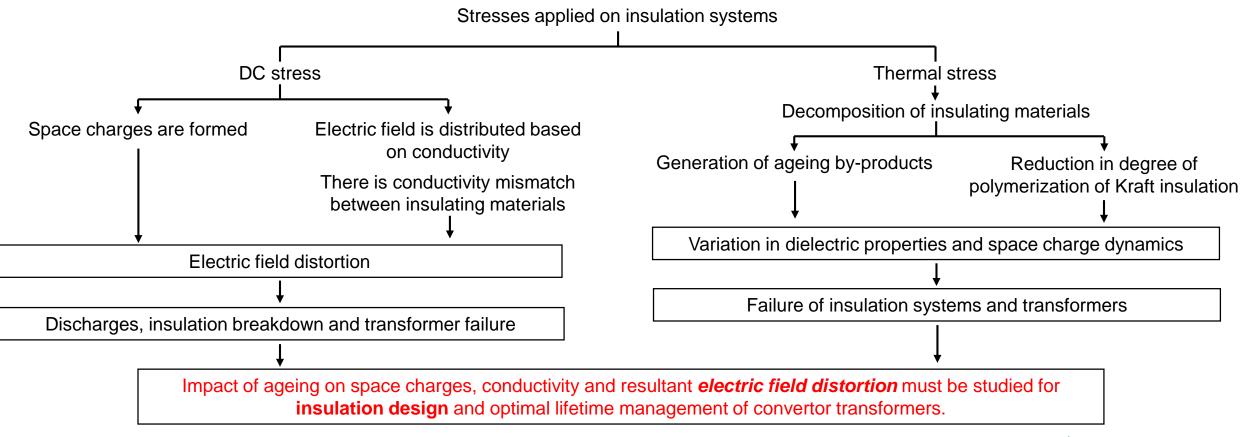
- ✓ Insulation system plays an essential role in maintaining their reliable and safe operation.
- ✓ Mineral oil and cellulose paper/pressboard are commonly used as insulating materials.
- ✓ Different from traditional AC transformers, the change of material properties over lifetime can greatly affect the criteria of converter transformer insulation design.
- Ester liquids are becoming popular as environmentally-friendly alternatives to hazardous mineral oils.
 - \checkmark They have higher biodegradability and fire safety features.
 - \checkmark They can slow down ageing process of paper insulation.
 - ✓ They have potential application in HVDC converter transformers.





Motivation

 Dielectric and thermal failures have been the dominant causes for converter transformer failures over the past two decades^[2].





Objectives

• Main aim:

Investigating the performance of ester liquid-impregnated Kraft paper under <u>HVDC</u> <u>stresses</u> and <u>ageing</u> with focusing mainly on the influence of <u>cellulose degradation</u>

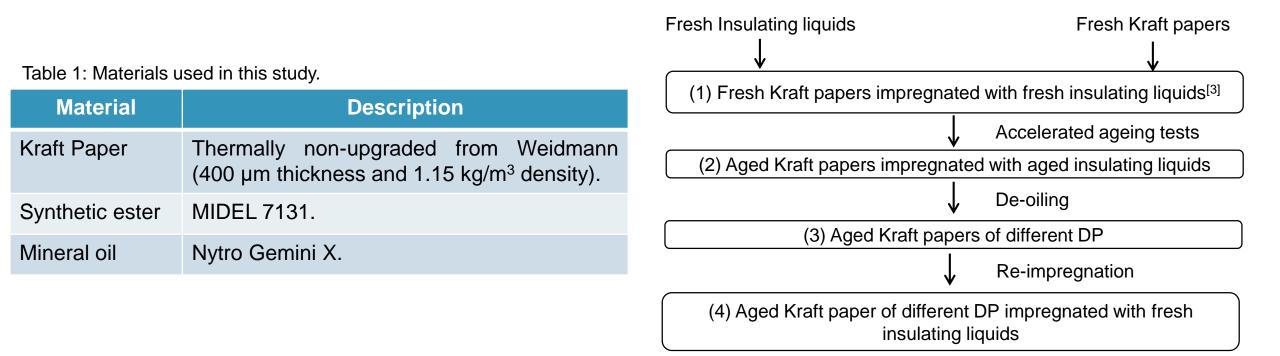
- Objectives:
 - 1. Preparing <u>aged Kraft papers</u> of different <u>Degree of Polymerization</u> (DP) impregnated with fresh synthetic ester liquid and fresh mineral oil at dry conditions.
 - 2. Measuring <u>conductivity</u> using Polarization-Depolarization Current (PDC) method.
 - 3. Measuring <u>space charges</u> and evaluating <u>electric field distortion</u> using Pulsed Electro-Acoustic (PEA) technique.
 - 4. Investigating the correlations between <u>conductivity</u>, <u>space charges</u> and <u>electric field</u> <u>distortion</u>.





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1. Preparing aged Kraft papers impregnated with fresh synthetic ester liquid and fresh mineral oil at dry conditions:





[3] J. Dai and Z. Wang, "A Comparison of the Impregnation of Cellulose Insulation by Ester and Mineral oil," IEEE Transactions on Dielectrics and Electrical Insulation, vol. 15, no. 2, pp. 374-381, 2008.

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- 2. Volume conductivity measurement using Polarization-Depolarization Current (PDC) method:
 - ✓ A three-electrode test cell connected to a KEITHLEY 6517B current measuring device in accordance with CIGRE TB 646^[4] and IEC 62631-3-1^[5].

Table 2: Testing parameters of conductivity measurement

| Parameter | Specification |
|------------------------|-------------------------|
| Applied electric field | 1 kV/mm |
| Electrification time | 6000s |
| Temperature | Room temperature (20°C) |

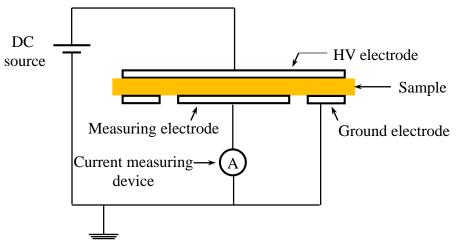


Fig.1: A schematic diagram of volume conductivity measurement system



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[4] CIGRE Technical Brochure 646, HVDC transformer insulation: oil conductivity, Working Group JWG A2/D1.41, 2016.

[5] IEC 62631-3-1:2023, Dielectric and resistive properties of solid insulating materials - Part 3-1: Determination of resistive properties (DC methods) - Volume resistance and volume resistivity - General method, IEC, 2023.

- 3. Space charge measurement using Pulsed Electro-Acoustic (PEA) technique:
 - ✓ A system was built in accordance with IEC/TS 62758 $^{[6]}$.

 Table 3: Testing parameters of space charge measurement

| Parameter | Specification |
|------------------------|-------------------------|
| Applied electric field | 20 kV/mm |
| Electrification time | 60 minutes |
| Temperature | Room temperature (20°C) |

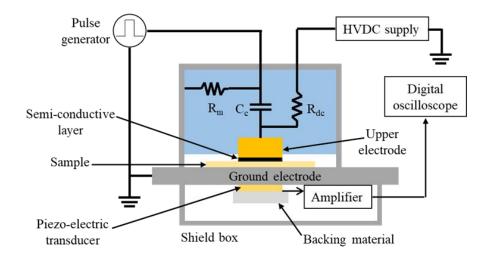


Fig. 2: A schematic diagram of a PEA system



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Comparison of Kraft paper ageing in synthetic ester liquid and mineral oil:

- ✓ DP measurements were carried out according to IEC 60450^[7].
- ✓ Ester liquid slowed down the degradation process of Kraft paper.

| Ageing period (days) | Aged in Synthetic ester | Aged in Mineral oil |
|-------------------------|----------------------------|------------------------|
| 0 | 950 | 950 |
| 7 | 829 | 746 |
| 14 | 611 | 595 |
| 28 | 506 | 400 |

Table 4: Degradation in DP of Kraft paper aged at 130°C

Table 5: Degradation in DP of Kraft paper aged at 150°C

| Ageing period (days) | Aged in Synthetic ester | Aged in Mineral oil |
|-------------------------|----------------------------|------------------------|
| (uays) | 950 | 950 |
| 2 | 832 | 788 |
| 4 | 739 | 662 |
| 8 | 596 | 503 |
| 16 | 453 | 332 |



[7] IEC 60450:2004, Measurement of the Average Viscometric Degree of Polymerization of New and Aged cellulosic electrically insulating materials, IEC, 2004.

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Impact of cellulose ageing on conductivity, space charges and electric field distortion:

| Ageing condition | Conductivity | Total amount of space charges | Electric field distortion |
|-----------------------------|--------------|-------------------------------|------------------------------|
| First stage (DP ≈ 950:750) | Decreased | Increased | Increased |
| Second stage (DP ≈ 750:600) | Increased | Decreased | Decreased |
| Third stage (DP > 600) | Decreased | Increased | Increased |

Table 7: Ester liquid-impregnated Kraft paper (ELIP)

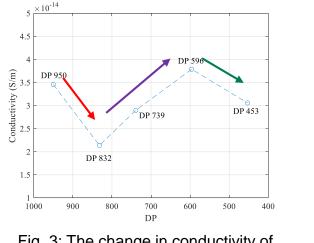


Fig. 3: The change in conductivity of ELIP of different DP.

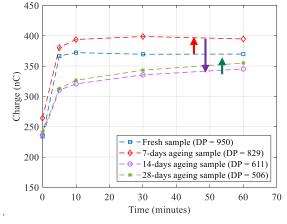


Fig. 4: The change in total amount of space charges in ELIP of different DP.

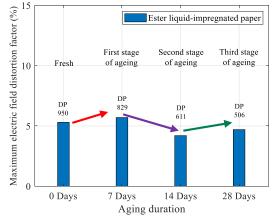


Fig. 5: The change in electric field distortion in ELIP of different DP.



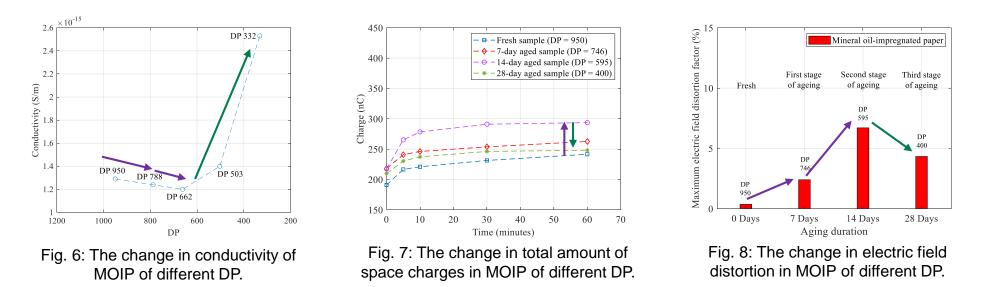
 \checkmark Change in conductivity and space charges with ageing affect electric field distortion.

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Impact of cellulose ageing on conductivity, space charges and electric field distortion:

| Ageing condition | Conductivity | Total amount of space charges | Electric field distortion |
|-----------------------------|--------------|-------------------------------|------------------------------|
| First stage (DP ≈ 950:750) | Decreased | Increased | Increased |
| Second stage (DP ≈ 750:600) | Decreased | Increased | Increased |
| Third stage (DP > 600) | Increased | Decreased | Decreased |

Table 8: Mineral oil-impregnated Kraft paper (MOIP)





✓ Change in conductivity and space charges with ageing affect electric field distortion.

Impact of cellulose ageing on electric field distortion:

✓ Electric field distortion factor was calculated in each sample as follows:

$$E_{distortion} = \frac{E_{max} - E_{applied}}{E_{applied}} \times 100$$

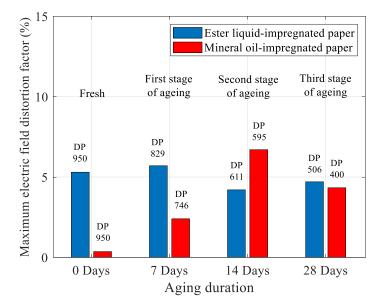


Fig. 9: The variations in electric field distortion factors in Kraft papers of different DP impregnated with synthetic ester liquid and mineral oil

- Electric field distortion factor in fresh ELIP was higher than that in fresh MOIP.
- Electric field distortion factor increased remarkably in MOIP with ageing and became higher than that in ELIP at Second stage of ageing.
- ✓ Electric field distortion factor was consistent in ELIP with ageing.
- ✓ Electric field distortion under fresh and aged conditions must be considered in insulation design.



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Conclusions

Ageing of Kraft paper in different insulating liquids

 The degradation of Kraft paper aged in ester liquid was slower than in mineral oil at the same temperatures.
 ✓ Ester liquid can slow down the ageing process of Kraft paper.

Impact of cellulose ageing on electric field distortion

- Fresh ELIP showed higher Electric field distortion under HVDC.
- Electric field distortion in MOIP increased remarkably with ageing.
- Electric field distortion in ELIP increased slightly with ageing.

- ✓ Higher safety margin must be considered in insulation design of ELIP.
- ✓ Impact of ageing must be considered in insulation design of MOIP.
- ✓ ELIP can provide better life-long performance.

Correlation between space charge dynamics and dielectric properties

 Change in conductivity and space charges with ageing affect electric field distortion.



 Electric field distortion resulted from space charges and conductivity mismatch under fresh and ageing conditions must be considered in designing the insulation systems by choosing an appropriate safety factor to prevent insulation failure.



Thank you!

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